TIMES-VIRGINIAN

THURSDAY, AUG. 2, 1923

Good government depends on intelligent participation of the people in the affairs of government.

The success of our government depends on it. We cannot have a government of the people when a majority of the citizens of the country refuse to take the trouble to vote.

Why not vote your convictions, since the government expects it of every citizen.

Duty to Vote

It is a civic duty to vote. The success of our form of government demands that every citizen do its duty on election day. It is a principle that the majority shall rule—this guarantees to every citizen qualified a voice in the affairs of his state and county.

If you stay at home and don't do your duty a minority rather than the majority directs your affairs for you and the popular form of government is defeated.

Don't let's have minority officers serving us—laying levies for taxes, collecting and disbursing same. Arise early on August 7th and register that you will vote for the best interest of your county and yourself. See that every law is enforced by your officers—all in fractions and help in every way you can to preserve the sacred right of voting guaranteed to you by the constitution and laws of your State.

Mr. Citizen, don't neglect so important a duty on August 7th.

The Electoral Board

On the 19th day of April the Democratic Executive Committee of Appomattox met and adopted the primary plan of making nominations for the officers of Appomattox County, in obedience to law the committee was petitioned to recommend to the Electoral Board the appointment of the following ten democrats as judges out of which one for each precinct:

A. T. Ingo, W. W. Scott, J. A. Garrett, W. B. Brightwell, P. W. Coleman, C. T. Cawthorn, L. T. Harris, E. E. Carter, C. P. Caldwell and J. H. Robertson.

The resolution was adopted and every one thought the matter of the appointment of the judges was satisfactorily adjusted and both factions of the party would be represented at each of the voting precincts.

Early in June when the Electoral Board met to make the appointment of the thirty judges, interested citizens and candidates appeared before the Board to urge the appointment of the aforesaid ten judges, but to the surprise of all each member of the Board said no suggestion of any judges had been presented to any member thereof. The same list of judges that had been presented to the Board with the request that they be appointed. The Board declined to appoint the judges thus recommended and proceeded to appoint thirty judges, so far as we are advised are all partisans of the office-holders of the County.

Can the secretary of the Democratic Executive Committee explain why he did not present the Electoral Board with the resolution recommending the list of ten judges?

Can the Electoral Board give any reason for not appointing these ten judges?

We wholeheartedly denounce such autocratic, unfair and unjust proceedings among Democrats.

It is no business of the Democratic Committee of the Electoral Board to adopt rules and legislate in the interest of any candidate, but rather to promote harmony and fair play in the councils of the party and provide for a fair and honest election. I am just as much entitled to representation in each of the voting precincts of my county as is my opponent, and I have no apology to offer for my appearance before these two authorities as a petitioner for my rights as a Democrat.

Since I have been denied the right of representation in the polling places, I appeal to the fair-minded people, who have the right to vote under the law, to repudiate such unfair methods by representing yourselves at the polls and vote against every candidate who endorsed and is a party to such methods.

The thirty judges appointed may be good men, but they are no better than the ten above mentioned who were refused appointment. I hope they will all serve and allow no substitutes to take their places if qualified, and I shall render any aid in my power to have a free and fair expression of the people at the polls.

The Electoral Board published in the county paper on June 28th a lengthy article in defense of its action in denying the request of the candidates and others interested in a fair election, representation among the judges. The author of that article reminds us of a real bunco, devoid of sense and facts and wholly untruthful, and in his designation of us as unthinking, corruptionists and perverters, he smacks his mouth like a yellow dog as he devours his own vomit. The assertions are branded as lies and the author with a deliberate attempt to mystify facts and to deceive the people.

Democratic Committee

The Committee met on June 23d and passed [illegible] resolutions and with these resolutions there was published in the Times-Virginian seventy many rules, which we consider merely suggestions, telling the people of this county who would be at the lowest to vote. The author whose ignorance is as great as [illegible]

1. No person who is not a Democrat shall be permitted to vote in said primary. This has to be in the spirit of the party with the spirit and letter of the law of the party and the statute [illegible]

We deny that this is either law or the spirit of the Democratic party—see primary plan of Democratic party adopted Feb. 13, 1913, which says, all white persons will be qualified to vote in the next November election may vote in the Democratic primary, provided he voted at the last general (or November) election for the Democratic Governor, Congressman, or Member of House of Delegates, by any vote. Also if you did not vote last November and will pledge your support to the nominees of this primary, he may vote.

2. (a) The last evidence of a Democrat is to vote. Any one who has not voted in some one of the Democratic party at any election for party reasons and not for personal reasons.

Very good doctrine, but what right has anyone to know how a man voted when the Constitution guarantees to every man and woman a secret ballot. Also if some of the candidates would be in a bad fix if the general voter deserted him. There will be no candidate on the ticket who has any vote cast in any way to affect the principles of either the Democratic or Republican parties. It is simply a personal contest as to who will draw the most votes. All these comply with the qualification of the candidates.

2. (b) Or a person who may have heretofore affiliated with some party other than ours, or with no political party, and he for good reason desires to support the Democratic party and is entitled to allegiance by supporting the success of the party in a vacant local election, and shows other qualifications of loyalty to the Democratic supporters, and is in full accord with the principles of the Democratic party, and may be supported by a majority of the committee, and such determine his right to vote.

Our comment on paragraph No. 1 is that the right of a person's right to vote and the judges swear to carry out this law and not violate same, if there are violations the penalty prescribed by law will be incurred.

2. (a) Persons who have not been voting or who have not been voting with their party, or who have voted heretofore with other parties, and who have not heretofore voted with their party, but who desire to affiliate with their party in the future and shall there-after vote with their party in the nominee and primary in which they offer to vote, and who intend to support the nominees of the party, are to be regarded as Democrats, and shall be entitled to vote in any primary election held by the party, and who shall be challenged will take and subscribe the oath prescribed by law.

This resolution, if adhered to, would perpetrate a fraud upon a great majority of the lady voters of this county and we wish to say that such a proposition is hardly so degenerated that any lady will be offered any indignity at the voting places of Appomattox County. Let's not be the law of Virginia we will on this subject."

"In addition to the male persons who are or may be qualified under the Constitution and laws of the State of Virginia to vote for all officers elective by the people, every female of the United States 21 years of age, who has been a resident of the State two years, of the county one year, and of the precinct in which she offers to vote thirty days next preceding the election in which she offers to vote, has been registered, and has paid her State poll taxes shall be entitled to vote, removal from one precinct to another in the same county shall not deprive any woman of her right to vote in the precinct from which she has moved until the expiration of thirty days after such removal. The residence of a married woman shall not be controlled by the residence of her husband."

Now under the law, every one who has not heretofore voted, will vote with their party they will support the nominees of this primary.

2. (d) That any person who voted in the last general election and is known to have voted for any other candidate than a Democrat for all the Democratic candidates on the ticket, shall not be allowed to vote in said primary.

Of course, any voter in a primary is morally bound to support the nominees of the primary in which said voter participates, but the committee in trying purposely to mystify the rights of the voters simply makes itself ridiculous. The law don't say he must have voted for every Democrat, but says instead, if he voted for any Democrat for Senate or Congress or House of Delegates he will vote.

Again! What a shame! These gentlemen in their partisan zeal would lend their aid and sanction to a resolution like this, which if law, would deprive the unfortunate sufferer was languishing upon a bed of sickness, or in some other way was prevented from voting in the November of his vote in this primary.

Now, Mr. Good Citizen, with these facts before you, how can you rest contented at home and stay away from the primary.

Every man and woman who has a right to vote is expected to perform that duty on August 7th.

The Truth About Appox. Co. Politics

Section 149 of Virginia Election Laws, prescribing qualifications of judges and clerks, reads in part as follows:

"No person shall act as a judge or clerk of election who is a candidate for any office to be filled at such election or who is a candidate for office of profit or trust in the State, or by any county, city or town therein."

Section 86 of Virginia Election Laws prescribing qualifications of Registrars, reads in part as follows:

"Such registrar shall not hold any office by election or appointment during his term. No person holding any office, either elective or appointive, shall during his term of office be registered as a voter in the city, town or district in which he holds such office."

Mr. Voter: There appears in the Times-Virginian, dated June 14th, 1923, a lengthy article published over the signatures of T. C. Stratton, W. T. Marshall, and R. LeRoy Smith, the duly appointed Electoral Board of Appomattox County, in which article these men undertake to deceive you into believing that their action in the matter of filling places of Appomattox County. Let's see if they have been fair, impartial, and legal.

We regret to find it necessary to advertise the gross malfeasance in office of these men, whom we had regarded as our friends and honorable gentlemen, but because of the fact that they have seen fit to advertise and brand us before the voters of this county as requesting of the said Electoral Board that which was "corrupt in its conception," we now feel that the time has come to place before you the unvarnished truth.

The voters of Appomattox County and also the world will cast their vote this time should know that these same men, who are sworn officers of the law, charged, as they say, "with the solemn and responsible duty of providing the proper election machinery," appointed and allowed to serve last year two registrars contrary to Section 86 of Virginia Election Laws given above.

J. A. Hughes, holding an appointive office under Secretary Commonwealth, R. O. James, was an illegal registrar and judge of election at Old Court House precinct in the general election of November, 1922. School Superintendent, N. R. Featherston was an illegal appointee of this electoral board and served as registrar at Walkers Church precinct during the primary contest between Senator Swanson and Davis and also in the general election of November, 1922.

More than one case can be cited where this illegal registrar drove in his car qualified voters who wanted to register and vote, but he stopped to register only those who would vote like he wanted them.

Numerous are the cases where this illegal registrar and judges followed the voters into the booth and marked their ballots in direct violation of the law which says, "persons registered since 1904 must prepare their ballots without aid."

R. E. Megginson, a magistrate, elected by the people, was an illegal appointee of this electoral board at Appomattox precinct in the general election of 1922, and we don't know how many years before.

P. A. O'Brien, a magistrate elected by the people, was an illegal appointee of this electoral board at Old Court House precinct in the general election of 1922, and we don't know how many years before.

R. G. Harvey, an Overseer of the Poor, elected by the people, was an illegal appointee of this electoral board at Clover precinct in the general election of 1922, and we don't know how many years before.

Section 107 of Virginia Election Laws, "How registration books purged." Quoting in part as follows:

"And they shall direct such purging of the registration books of every precinct once every year."

This law has not been complied with during the last 15 to 20 years, as there appear on the books in most of the precincts names of non-residents and people who have been dead for twenty years.

A letter bearing date of April 16, 1923, was addressed and sent by registered mail to each member of the electoral board asking that they order the precinct books to be purged according to law, to find an order in the minutes of the next electoral board meeting directing such action. But several weeks thereafter, upon visiting the registrars it was stated by the registrars in the presence of witnesses that no notice had been received to take such action.

Mr. Voter: If you were a candidate for office in Appomattox County, having in your possession facts above related, wouldn't you want a representative as judge in every precinct?

Do you consider that when three or four candidates for office in the county joined in a written request for the appointment of one selected man of integrity, and fairness in each precinct, that we had "combined to secure peculiar and unfair advantage of other candidates?

Lets get the truth again: We did not ask for the removal of any judge, who had been serving in former elections, but we knew that the law made it mandatory for one of the judges in general elections to be a Republican, and we knew that in a Democratic Primary this Republican judge would properly be replaced by another Democrat. Therefore, the following letter, given in exact copy, was directed to the electoral board:

APRIL 19, 1923.

To the Electoral Board of Appomattox County, Va.:

Gentlemen:—We, the undersigned, being interested in the Democratic Primary election to be held in Appomattox County on August 7th, feel that the disposition will be to give our wishes consideration in the appointment of Election Officers, and we therefore respectfully request that the following be appointed judges, therefore, a list of names of Democrats is given below, and we feel that good men whom we respect, will be the choice in your appointment for judges for the several precincts:

A. T. Ingo, Courthouse Precinct.
W. W. Scott, Old Courthouse Precinct.
J. A. Garrett, Walkers Church Precinct.
C. T. Cawthorn, Clover Precinct.
C. P. Caldwell, Appomattox Precinct.
J. A. Garrett, Spout Run Precinct.
W. B. Brightwell, Pamplin Precinct.
H. Robertson, Agee Precinct.
G. E. Carson, Oakville Precinct.
L. T. Harris, Concord Church Precinct.
P. W. Coleman, Hixburg Precinct.

We, the undersigned request that in your appointment of registrars you appoint either W. H. Gillian or T. W. Coleman, and Mr. Bondurant for registrar for Old Courthouse, Mr. W. Scott.

Respectfully submitted,
R. M. BRYANT.
W. E. HOLLYWOOD.
D. S. TYREE.

A number of men, including the undersigned, learning of a meeting of the County Democratic Committee to be held at the Clerk's Office, and expecting some discussion of matters of interest, attended that meeting and after the regular business was transacted the request for the appointment of judges was read to the County Committee asking for an expression on same. Mr. S. L. Ferguson spoke freely and stated that our request was in line with the spirit of the law, that the men were acceptable to him and that the Electoral passing said request to that the Electoral Board asking favorable action. Accordingly Mr. L. N. Ligon was the author of a motion approving our request and indorsing the same to be sent to the Electoral Board along with the other recommendations and instructions. Thus ended this chapter.

On May 29th, 1923, the Electoral Board met in Appomattox County Court House, and being interested in the matter of appointment of judges, the following gentlemen met with the Board:

W. J. Trent, Thos. H. Babcock, M. W. Moore, J. W. Gardner, W. B. Caldwell, W. H. Morgan, W. J. Covington, Jr., Thos. U. Conner, A. H. Clement, Dr. D. N. Twyman, and A. R. Harwood.

The Chairman granted us the opportunity of making our request.

He was asked if he or any member of the Board had a list of names of suggested judges, to which question they each replied, "No."

Again the question was put, asking if the Electoral Board had received a request from the County Committee or others for the appointment of judges. Again "no" was the answer. Also making the statement that no names or names had been considered or suggested for judges. Therefore a copy of our request for judges as approved by the County Committee was produced and submitted and we asked if we would be granted our request. The Chairman replied that he personally had no objection to granting our request, but they would make no impression in open meeting. We then suggested action on our list first, and agreed to retire, thus giving them a chance for free discussion, requesting to be recalled and given a chance to agree on another should any person suggested prove objectionable.

We withdrew to the front of the Court House, only to be advised by Mr. T. G. Stratton, in a few minutes, that their job was a very long and tedious one and that they had decided to make the appointment of all judges, giving to the most favorable consideration possible, which proved, to be one man asked for out of ten.

Now let's summarize:

First. The Electoral Board for years making illegal appointments of judges.

Second. The Electoral Board making appointment of illegal registrars.

Third. The almost universal practice of aiding voters in marking ballots, contrary to law.

Fourth. Failure for fifteen years or more to purge registration books according to law, and upon complaint passing on order to purge books, without giving all registrars notice to take such action.

Fifth: Senator S. L. Ferguson making a speech in the Democratic County Committee meeting endorsing the request of several candidates asking for the appointment of one out of three judges for each precinct and a motion passed requesting such appointment. But no such record made.

Sixth. For days before the Electoral Board met, Featherston and others riding around instructing and testing sentiment of certain proposed judges, and the Electoral Board stating flatly that no list of names, or suggestions of names for judges had been submitted to them.

Section 248, Chapter 15, Primary Elections, reads as follows:

"At all primaries held under this chapter each candidate may have a representative present, and may designate one man for each two candidates, in whose case there shall be appointed one representative, one to be appointed by the majority of the candidates."

These violators of the law, are the men who tell you, that we, in asking for representation with the judges of election have sought an unfair advantage over the other candidates. These politicians, who for so many years have fattened on the salaries and other advantages arising from their political positions are the men who are travelling over the county going from home to home, and in public gatherings, calling every man a liar, who dares to speak out against their corrupt practices, Republicans.

These are the men and their henchmen, who choose to brand every candidate who had the temerity to aspire to office who had the temerity to aspire to office in opposition to the "RING" as Republicans.

These are the men, who not only dared call all who opposed them Republicans, but also call those men, who had the temerity to aspire to be asked for as our representatives at the polls, and as our supporters, as Republicans.

These are the men who are trying to make it appear that we had the backbone to vote against their illegal and corrupt administration, but that on this election he or she will not have a vote.

These are the men who are talking much, about "who may" and "who may not" vote, in the coming primary, always finding a way in for those who happen to vote for them.

These are the men who deliberately undertake to deceive and keep you out of the primary.

VOTERS READ THIS

The *Primary Plan of the Democratic* party, adopted February, 13th, 1923, says:

"WHO MAY VOTE

All white persons qualified to vote at the next November election may vote in the primary to be held next preceding such election, provided he voted at the last general (or November) election for the Democratic Governor, Congressman, or Member of House of Delegates, by any vote. Also if you did not vote last November and will pledge your support to the nominees of this primary, he may vote.

Va. Code, Section 238, Chapter 15, Primary Elections—In the same exactly as above.

Section 237, Virginia Election Laws, reads as follows:

Each party shall have the power to make its own rules and regulations, and may establish or prescribe a platform or notify a candidate for office of his nomination, and may determine and declare what persons shall be considered to them or become members of such party, and may prescribe rules and regulations for the government of primaries, conventions or meetings of such party.

But a primary, when held, shall be conducted in all respects under the provisions of this chapter 15.

Section 221, Chapter 15:

The provisions of this chapter shall be liberally construed so that the will of the electors may not be defeated by any informality.

VOTERS

If you have read the lengthy article in the *Times-Virginian* as of June 14th, in the form of a letter signed by Messrs. Stratton, Marshall and Smith, you will find, that we have supplied the completed sections, which were quoted in italics, with a few. Thus giving you an entirely different meaning than that conveyed by quotations selected to suit the purpose of the author.

Let no one deceive you.

Measure yourself by the Primary standard, as to "Who may vote." Measure yourself by Section 238, Virginia Election Laws, and see if you have the right to vote.

The law places the responsibility on you. What judge of election can tell you how you voted last time, or say that you may, or may not vote?

How does he know whether you voted last November or stayed at home? What right has any judge of election, or any man or set of men, to ask you if you will vote or not? Is not the balance of your life with any party as a pre-requisite to the law?

We tell you that such audacity has been practiced in this county.

See Section 4784—Offences against the Election Laws.

If any officer of any general, primary, or special election shall be guilty of any fraud in such election, he shall be fined not more than $500, or confined in jail not more than twelve months, or both, in the discretion of the jury, the punishment not to exceed one year.

If a man steals a horse he is a thief, a law-breaker and a criminal.

If he violates election law he is a thief and criminal also and he had his just deserts would be paying and suffering fitting jail sentence.

We have in our possession evidence to show that the avaricious officers of the law of this county, have this year, within the past 90 days, registered men who have not been in the county a year, registering them to vote in the August Primary, knowing that they are violating the law.

Good people! Honest men!

How long will you be deceived by men of this stripe?

Go to the polls August 7th, and spend the day and vote this shameful condition out of our county forever.

The Father of our County said: "Long life to users of office would lead to corruption."

He was right.

A VOTER WHO STANDS FOR A SQUARE DEAL.

New Election Judges

The following judges of election have been appointed in the place and stead of those illegally appointed by the electoral board:

T. E. Dickerson instead of A. H. Howerton at Cheatwood.

Floyd E. Woolridge instead of T. E. Reynolds at Chan.

L. E. Carrico instead of E. E. Chism at Rocks.

J. W. Carter instead of W. R. Reynolds at Agee.

R. W. Hamilton instead of C. Harding at Stonewall.

The electoral board also appointed R. C. Harvey to serve in place of Harry Johnson, and T. J. Megginson in place of J. H. Garrett. The last two judges were voluntarily changed and the first five after an application filed in court for an order restraining them from acting because these five names appear on the ballots as candidates, and therefore if serving would have been judges of their own election.

That's right and proper, let's have a fair and legal election. Still the electoral board refuses to recognize the right of the candidates opposing office-holders to have any judge at the primary. We are advised that every judge appointed is a partisan of those holding office.

We are strongly of the opinion that the electoral board has no authority to removed a judge after the appointment.

Who is responsible for all of these mistakes(?)

Keep cool and vote early on August 7th.

STONEWALL

Miss Frances Gordon returned to her home in Appomattox Sunday, after a visit with Miss Alice Street.

Mr. John Taylor and family, of Richmond, were week-end guests at Mr. Strat Taylor's.

A revival will begin at Hebron Baptist church Sunday, Aug. 5th. Rev. Dudley, of Portsmouth, will assist. Rev. J. M. Street in the services.

Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Stratton, of Lynchburg, were week-end guests of relatives near here.

Misses Gladys Haynes, Elizabeth Rice and Bertie Powell, of Richmond, were week-end guests of friends in the neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Elder and children have concluded a visit of several weeks with Mr. Elder's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Stratton, Sr.

Mr. Glenn P. Drinkard and friend, Mr. C. Robert Chick, of Lynchburg, were guests Saturday and Sunday visitors at the former's home.

Miss Annie Alvis returned on Monday from Clifton Forge, where she was the guest of her brother, Elwood Alvis on a camping trip for the week-end.

Misses Elizabeth and "Honey Love" Smith, of Cumberland Courthouse, are visiting in the home of Rev. J. M. Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Drinkard and daughter, Frances, spent Sunday in the home of Mr. W. H. Drinkard.

Miss Mabel Smithers, of Danville, is the guest of Miss Frances Street.

The farmers were indeed glad to see such a nice rain on Saturday and Monday.

If you want to buy or sell real estate in Appomattox county, or borrow money on long time, see A. H. Clement, Appomattox, Va., who for thirty years has been lending the people money without a loss.

Let Clement at Appomattox write your fire insurance.

In an Airplane.

Excitable Girl (describing her sensations after her first flight in an airplane)—It was all very wonderful and thrilling, but I was horribly disappointed. All the time I thought every moment was going to be my last.

CATARRH

Catarrh is a Local disease greatly influenced by Constitutional conditions.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces, which gives Quick Relief to local symptoms, then, by its Tonic Material Medicine, a Tonic, which does Permanent Good in most cases. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. Use Hall's Catarrh Medicine for Nose and Throat troubles and assists in ridding your system of Catarrh.

Sold by druggists for over 40 years.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

VOTE FOR A. H. Clement FOR Commonwealth's Attorney

Bring Your Batteries To Us:

We have just installed the most modern battery equipment and are now prepared to re-charge, repair and re-build your battery in a satisfactory manner.

We also carry on hand at all times a stock of new Ford Batteries and Ford battery parts.

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New styles advancing every day.
Why not buy from us and save money?

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THE POPULAR PRICE STORE

Look From Coast to Coast and You Will Never Find the Values We Are Offering
Men's Genuine Palm Beach Suits
$10.95

Men's Heavy Suits	$9.95 to $39.75
Boys' 2-Pants Palm Beach Suits	$9.95
Boys' Heavy Suits	$4.95 to $14.75
Boys' All Wool 2-Pants Suits	$9.95
Nainsook Union Suits	49 to 69c
Straw Hats	$1.50, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00
Dress Shirts, with and without collar	$1.00 to $5.00

THE HOUSE THAT BEATS THEM ALL FOR TPRICE

SHEARER BROS
ONE PRICE CASH STORE
922 Main St. Lynchburg, Va.

Extraordinary Values in Shoes

The sample Shoe Store is offering some real bargains for the next ten days in men's, womens and children's shoes. All the new styles in Ladies patent leather grey, tan and combinations of two colors fro $2.95 to $4.95.

$4.00 Ladies' Satin Pumps, low heels and bay lou heel counter. .Any pair $1.00. $5.00 and $6.00 fancy colors, Ladies low shoes $3.95. $5.00 Men's Oxfords for the younger set $3.95. $4.00 Men's Welt Bench made oxfords, $2.95. $2.00 Children's Gun Metal, 1 strap 98c. Harefoot Sandals for boys and girls $1.15. $2.50 Girls Patent Pumps, 1 strap $1.98. Boys white trimmed with tan tennis shoes $1.25. $3.50 Boys American Oxfords $1.95. Don't fail to come in and see the bargains we are offering.

1110 Main Street WILL WHITE COMPANY Lynchburg, Va.

SPECIAL SALE
HIGH IN QUALITY LOW IN PRICE

20% REDUCTION of our entire stock of Low Quarters

For 10 days only. Sale begins Friday, July 20
GOOD NEW STOCK -:- LATEST STYLES
Don't miss this opportunity. It will pay you to anticipate wants at this great sacrifice sale.

The home of Peters' "Diamond Brand Shoes"
High in Quality
Low in Price

H. M. BURGE
APPOMATTOX, VA.
THE ONLY THREE-STORY STORE IN APPOMATTOX

PERSONAL MENTION

Vote early.

Let your first ballot reflect your convictions.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter McGill were week-end visitors at the home of her father here.

Copious rain refreshed all nature Saturday, for which we are all thankful.

Miss Thelma Gunter was operated on for appendicitis last Friday. She is going well.

Every man and woman should vote. Make your arrangements now to be off on August 7.

If you stay at home and don't vote, you have no right to complain of your county affairs.

The editor of this paper believes in the enforcement of every law.

Mr. Good Citizen, have you registered? Registrar of your precinct now and get your name on the books.

This paper will support the nominees of the primary, provided, of course, there is no fraud.

Saturday night, Aug. 4, Miss Loretta Johnson will speak to men only at Baptist church. Every member of B. S. C. requested to be present.

There will be given a lawn party at Wesley Chapel the 4th of August, beginning at 6 o'clock. Proceeds for benefit of church. Public cordially invited.

Misses Violet Nuttiecombe, Bessie Gunter, Christine Garrett and Julian Grow and John Gunter went to Blackburn from Liberty on Chapel last Monday.

LOST—July 5, one large white male pointer dog, with lemon saddle, ears and sides of liver. Answers to name "Casey." $15 reward. Z. E. Cheatham, Evergreen, Va.

Cane Mill for Sale—I will sell my power cane mill with evaporator and furnace, cheap: also 6 horse power gas engine, if desired. F. P. GROVES, Appomattox, Va. 8-2-4t

Some of the appointees for judges of the primary election are busying themselves telling people who may vote. Wonder how those fools have sense enough to know that they are not judges until sworn in?

The Sunday school children of the first Baptist church, colored, had their picnic on the church grounds last week. Sarah Green, Bertha Watkins, Evie Coleman, Marcellus Hamlet, Elverta Green and Lizzie Patterson had charge of the affair for the children.

Notice to All Gasoline Dealers Who Have Not Paid the Gas Tax —The law requires a double tax when the report does not come in within 30 days after the 20th day of July.

J. A. BINGHAM.

Lieutenant P. W. Ricamore and wife, of Camp Meade, Md., motored from Camp Meade to Appomattox Saturday, where they are spending a few days at the Baptist parsonage with the parents of Mrs. Ricamore. On Wednesday morning they returned, accompanied by Mrs. H. Pace, Misses Estelle East and Master Walter East.

Revival services begin at the Methodist church on the second Sunday in August. Preaching by Rev. A. L. Franklin at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.